Legislation of 1868-0.

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20 Legislation of 1868–9. Existing Societies are continued. Each Society is a corporation, with power to hold land for exhibition grounds, school site, or model farm, not exceeding 200 acres. Upon a memorial of 20 persons, alleging that it is inconvenient for the whole County to attend at one place, and that subscriptions are ready to form another Society, the Council may authorize its formation, apply with a bit not more than two can be formed in a County, except in subscriptions. To draw its shoed their super starts are start in proportion to their own subscriptions. To draw its shoed their super starts are another Society, the Council Ty use the form a District or separate Counties, may unite, for exhibition purposes, or a model farm, with approval of the Corm. The County Societies in any judicial district, may unite and form a District or separate Counties, ray eless for their is solved the second structure and the operations of the Society set report election of officers forthwith; in May, the amount of money at their disposal; in December, their operations for the year. Agriculture, houry Societies must have addeced industry, and works of art. "Up helding meetings for discussions, &c., promiting the situation of arricultural papers, and the other usual methods. The County Societies must have addeced industry and works of art, for service, except the Secretary Treasurer, who may receive nort than 7 p. c. of money expended. The annual meetings of these Society for and the other usual methods. The County Societies in a County for service, except the secretary Treasurer, who may receive nort than 7 p. c. of money expended. The annual meetings of these Society and the other unsule places, and be called, where no Society is yet organized, by the Warden in where there is, by the President, notice being siven by posting it at the church own yetwards and the society for the year, and may make by laws on lineonsistent with the power development in a society for the year, and may make by laws and incomise is the st

BOARD OF ARTS AND MANUFACTURES. The Board of Arts and Manufactures is continued on the former basis. Mechanics' Institutes send a delegate for every 20 members exercising their calling as manufacturers or mechanics, paying \$1 subscription to a fund for two or more of these objects, --a library, reading-room, museum, or course of lectures upon scientific subjects, or schools where Design-Mathematics, Physics, History, (qv. Natural History), and Civil Engineering, or more than one such subject is taught. Art Societies send one delegate for every 20 members paying \$4 towards a fund for the encouragement of the Fine Arts. Each Board of Trade sends one delegate, all to be elected at the last regular meeting in the year. The M. P. I., the C. of A., the Superintendent and principal officers of the Geological Survey are, ex officio, members, as are the Professors of Physical Science in chartered Universities. Every College, with 5 Professors, may elect one of them a delegate. Its duty is to promote improvement in the mechanical arts and manufactures in the Province. It is to report hereafter both to the C. of A. and M. P. I.

PUBLIC WORKS.

The provisions respecting public works are, in most respects, the same as those of the Dominion Act, 31st Vic., cap. 12-(See Year Book for 1869.) Power is given to the Cemr. to take land, &e., for colonization roads, as well as other public works. When built they may be handed over to the Municipality interested, to be kept in repair, and the Comr. may make process verbal if Municipality does not. The land taken vests in the Government. No servitude for fences, sitches, &c., can be enforced against the Comr. so long as he holds such land. Tolls may be levied on such roads. The Conr. may refer claims against the Depart-